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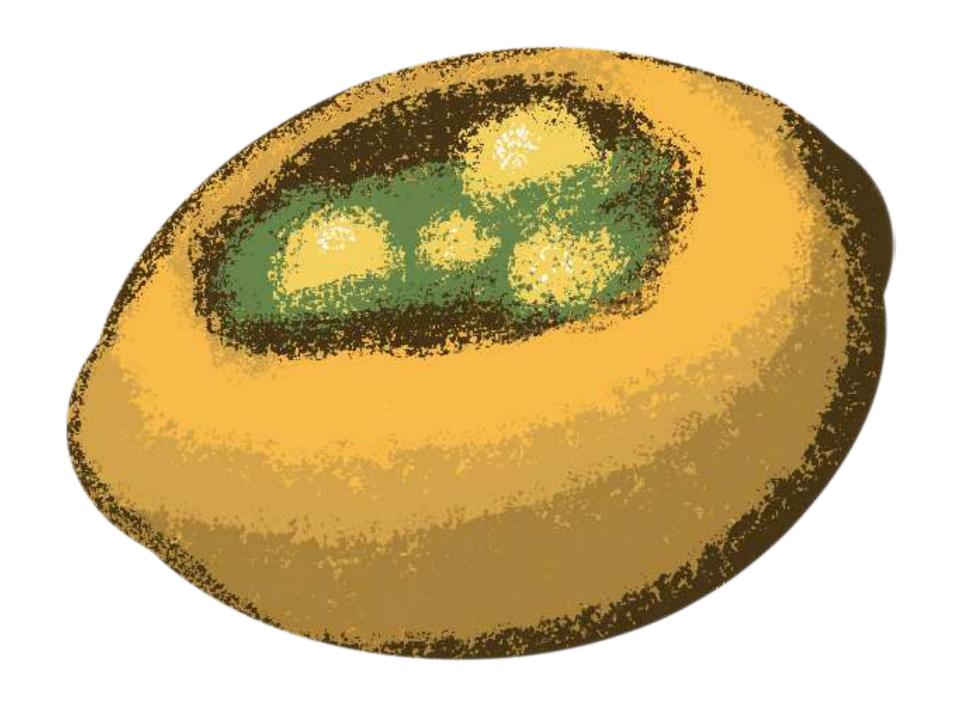
Collaborative Design Project







Atish W. C. Jeremiah I.



Redesigning the Paani Puri experience to fit the post Covid world

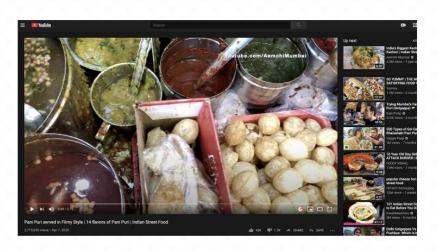
Team Topic Recap Overview Further Research Interviews Journey Mapping Workspace Models User Needs Design Goals Timeline Acknowledgments

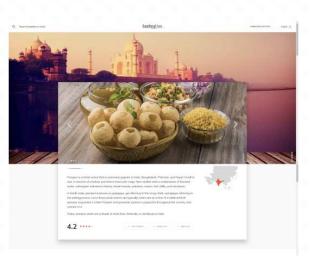


Research

Secondary Research

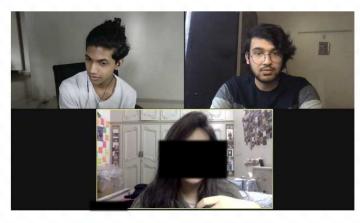
- Youtube videos
- Instagrammers
- Food Blogs
- Google Analytics





Primary Research

- Contextual Enquiry (Regular customer + Vendor + Chef + Business Owner)
- Workplace analysis (Videos + Pictures)
- Surveys







Outcome

Common Findings

- Non-traditional paani puri variations are unpreferrable
- "Paani puri is not just any food; it's an experience."
- Comfortable paying around 20% extra for better hygiene
- Permanent stalls are the most popular paani puri places
- Hygine > Taste > Convenience > Cost

Design Goals

- To redesign the paani puri experience in a way that is trustworthy in a post-covid world
- To produce a sustainable and profitable business model
- To ensure that waste disposal is done in a hygienic manner
- To come up with a design solution that affects all the stakeholders positively



Existing Research

- Case Studies
- Research Papers
- News articles
- Youtube Videos

CASESTUDY



Apna adda – IIM road

- Activa with side wheel attachment
- They use this as stall and also carry the
- A start-up by H. L College of Commerce, Ahmedabad

Havmor - Mahesh

- Fixed Income 6000 /-
- · Refills from the distribution centre Need to complete fixed number of rounds



QUESTIONNAIRE

Mouthful of Pani Puri /Gol Gappas / Puchka / Gup Chup

Do you like having panipuri's/ Gol gappas/ Puchka/G Mark only one oval.

Quick question : First thing that comes to your mind when you hear Pani Puri *

VISITS&INTERVIEWS

7 Pani Wala

- · He got the name from his speciality
- Uses disposable plates
- · Flavoured water is stored in ceramic containers with no indication of the flavour
- No mention of the name on the stall Takes out flavoured water using a special spoon with a hole at the bottom, but stops water with bare hand.
- · Its located in the clean surrounding



Mukesh Ramesh Pani Puri Wala - Near NID

- Continuing 40 year old business, with same
- Sells around 3000 pcs of pani puri in a day
- Stall on footpath
- Uses steel utensils No Flex printing because of wear and tear under the sun

Mukesh Ramesh Pani Puri Wala - Mobile

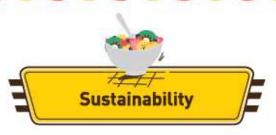
- Work only from 4 pm to 8.30 pm.
- Sells around 500 pani puri in a day
- Carries steel utensils





FSSAI Rules

- Government Led
- Non-profit
- Lacks clear incentives
- More of Guidelines rather than Business Plan



For sustained success of this project, a robust partnership between government, street vendors, the private sector and the community organizations is key. Social media can be effectively leveraged through appropriate outreach partners to facilitate mass awareness and create a crowd powered movement, especially around the youth, to monitor and mobilise the vendors and to engage with corporates through a program where established corporations become "Corporate Champions".

Corporate Champions programme would involve well established corporations operating in India to adopt/take up responsibility of one or more zones under the Project Clean Street Food in their zones and enforcement, Responsibilities of the corporate champions and incentives and responsibilities of the corporate champions would be broadly as under.

On the other hand, consumer groups will be encouraged to monitor and report lapses through the FSSAI mobile application. Initially, monitoring is expected to be done by volunteers who identify with the cause. Eventually, all consumers would be educated to report lapses through FSSAI mobile app. The inspection by volunteers is to be repeated every two months.

The responsibility of consumer and volunteer mobilisation also lies with the outreach partner, with support from FSSAI, who will work on targeted campaigns from time to time within the specified budget. To ensure the Corporate Championship programme continues to carry forward the project, there will be included a healthy competition based on the FSSAI mobile application data; the Champion with least number of reports may be given a chance to trade their zone for a more popular zone (or the option to retain their present zone.

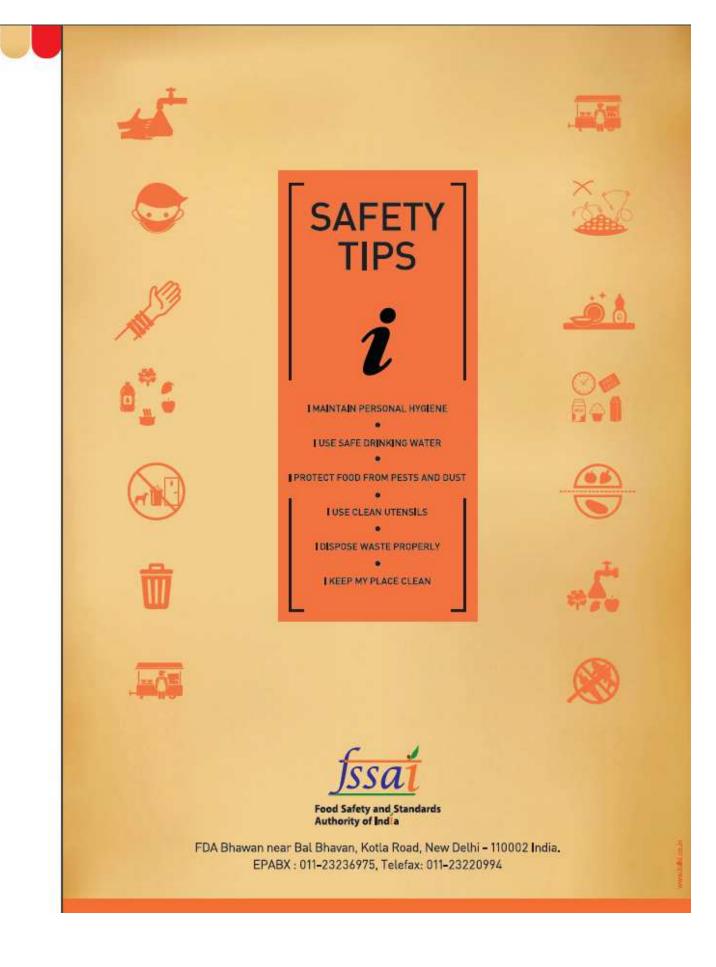
Public media also helps in reporting the progress of the project. Consumers in the area are aware of the logo and the meaning it carries and choose only the establishment with logo displayed. This social force strongly helps pushing the project forward.



The Project aims to provide universal coverage of all estimated street food vendors in the country. In Phase I of the Project, 200,000 street food vendors in identified areas would be taken up. These would include all metropolitan and major cities in the country, places of pilgrimage and places of tourist attraction. DELHI PROJECT would be launched in Mid-March 2016. It would cover 20,000 street food vendors. The first two phases of the Delhi Project would be taken up in March-April 2016. Based on experience of Delhi Project, this would be rolled out in other places in the country.

 $A \, separate \, initiative \, would \, be \, worked \, out for \, Railway \, Stations \, and \, Ports.$





Cost Analysis

- Investment assessment
- Gave total cost and recurring cost
- Net Income
- Needs to be adjusted for inflation
- Renting focused

Investment Assessment For One Year

INVESTMENTS	Duration	In Rs	Annual Cost
Cost of Cart (5 carts)	One time Cost	100000	100000
Emergency Lamp	One time Cost	1000	1000
Cost of Ingredients:			
Packaged Water and Ice	Per Day	75	23475
Vegetables	Per Day	200	62600
Puri, Masala	Per Day	60	18780
Ingredients like Bundi, Curd, etc	Per Day	40	12520
Labour	Per Month	2000	24000
Electricity Charges	Per Month	200	2400
License Charges	Per 6 months	500	1000
Capex			
Total			245775

P&L A/C	Duration	In Rs	Annual (In Rs) Yr. 0
Sales	Per month	40000	480000
Cost Incurred			
Cost of Carts depreciated for 5 yrs			8334
Emergency Lamp depreciated for 5 yrs			200
Cost of Ingredients:			
Packaged Water and Ice	Per Day	75	23475
Vegetables	Per Day	200	62600
Puri, Masala	Per Day	60	18780
Ingredients like Bundi, Curd, etc	Per Day	40	12520
Labour	Per Month	2000	24000
Electricity Charges	Per Month	200	2400
License Charges	Per 6 months	500	1000
Capex			0
Total Cost			144775
Net Income		15250	335225



Prof BK Chakravarthy

Ecosystem

Levels within the ecosystem

Narrow your focus

Franchisee model

Create a list
of user needs
and
requirements

Factories where the puris are made

Distributors

Spice vendors

Paani puri walas

Prof Vivek Kant

System design process

Analyse the users in the system

Analyse their interactions with each other

Look at the problems at each interaction

Create a list of user needs and requirements

Look at the problems from a hygiene standpoint

Richa (food blogger)

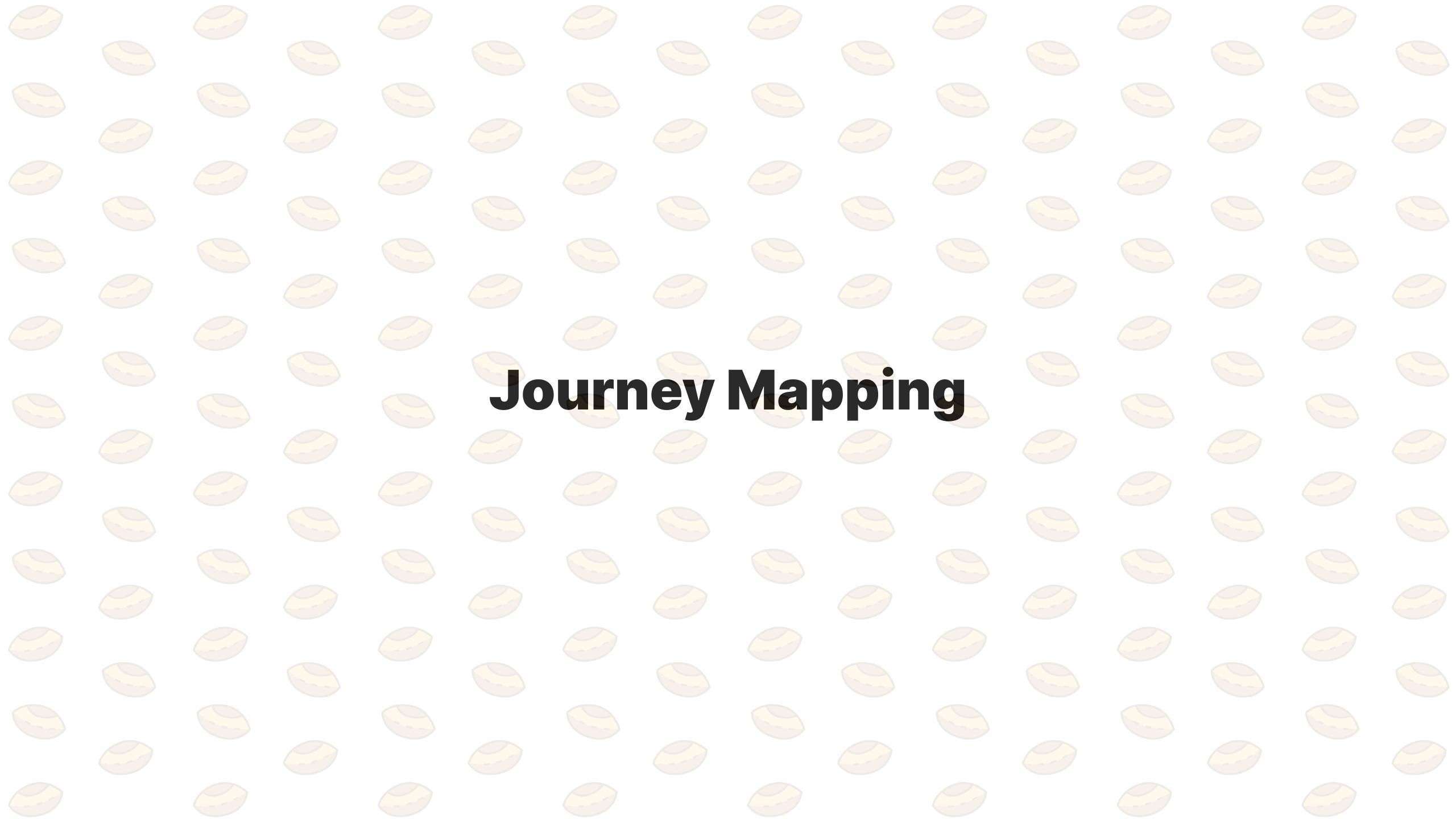
The importance of the experience

Group experience

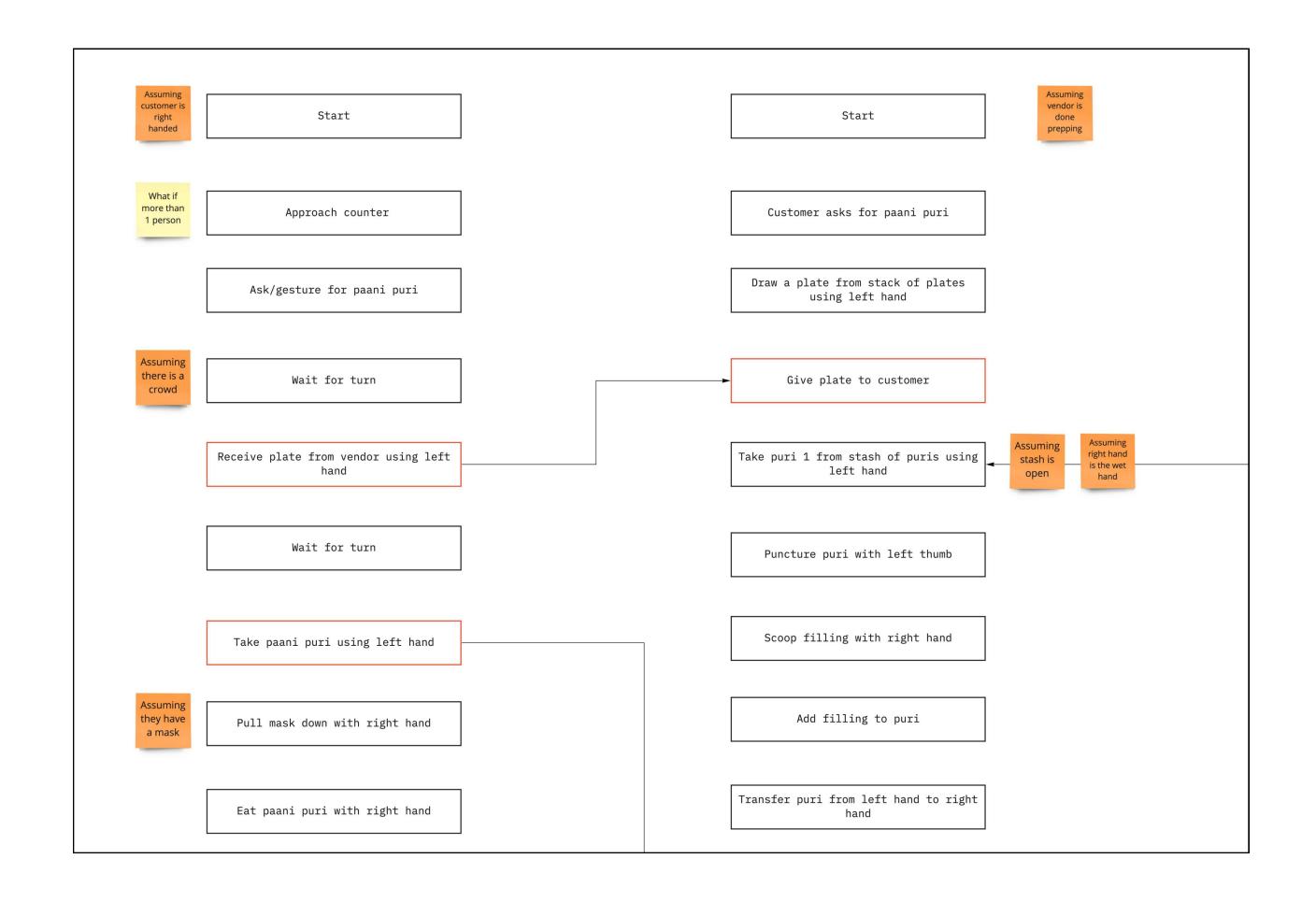
Parcels are not used because the experience is hassle free and convenient

Hygiene is overlooked by customers in favor of taste

Families
need to eat
together



- Interactions
- What ifs
- Assumptions
- Points of risk
- Primary and Secondary Users



Actor

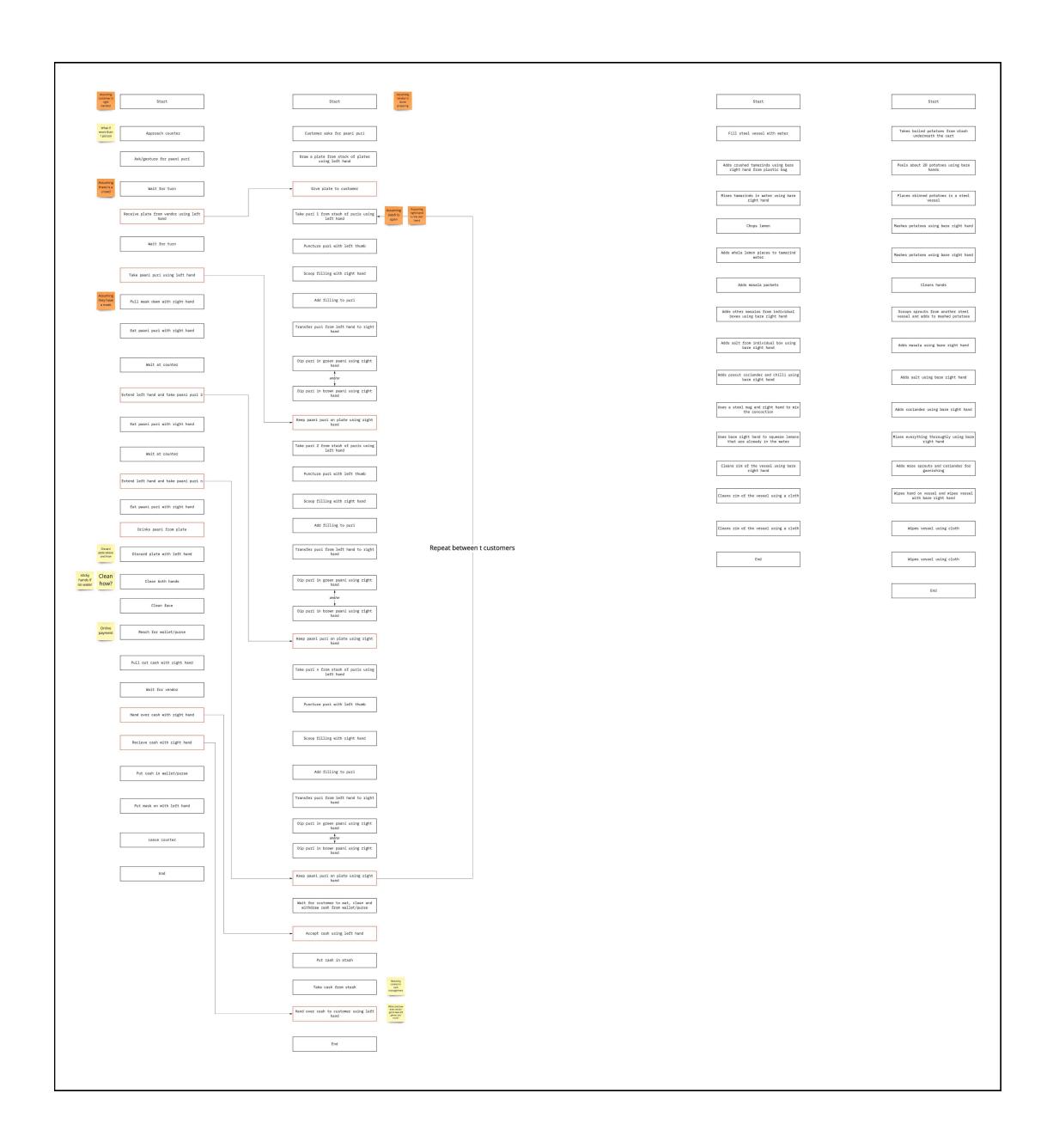
Scenario
/expecta
tion

Journey phase

Mindset/ emotion

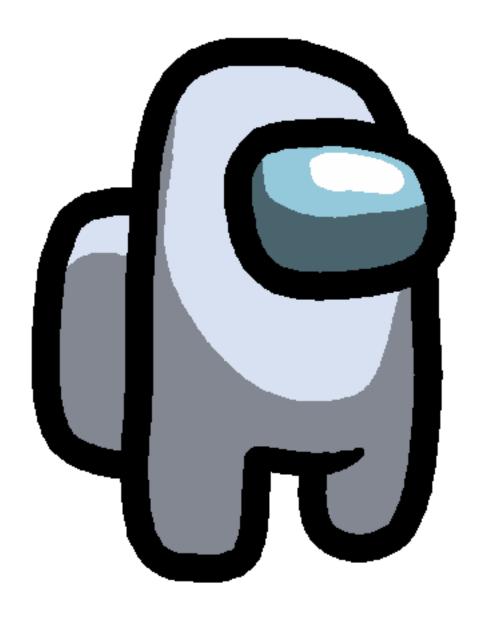
Opportunities

Miro





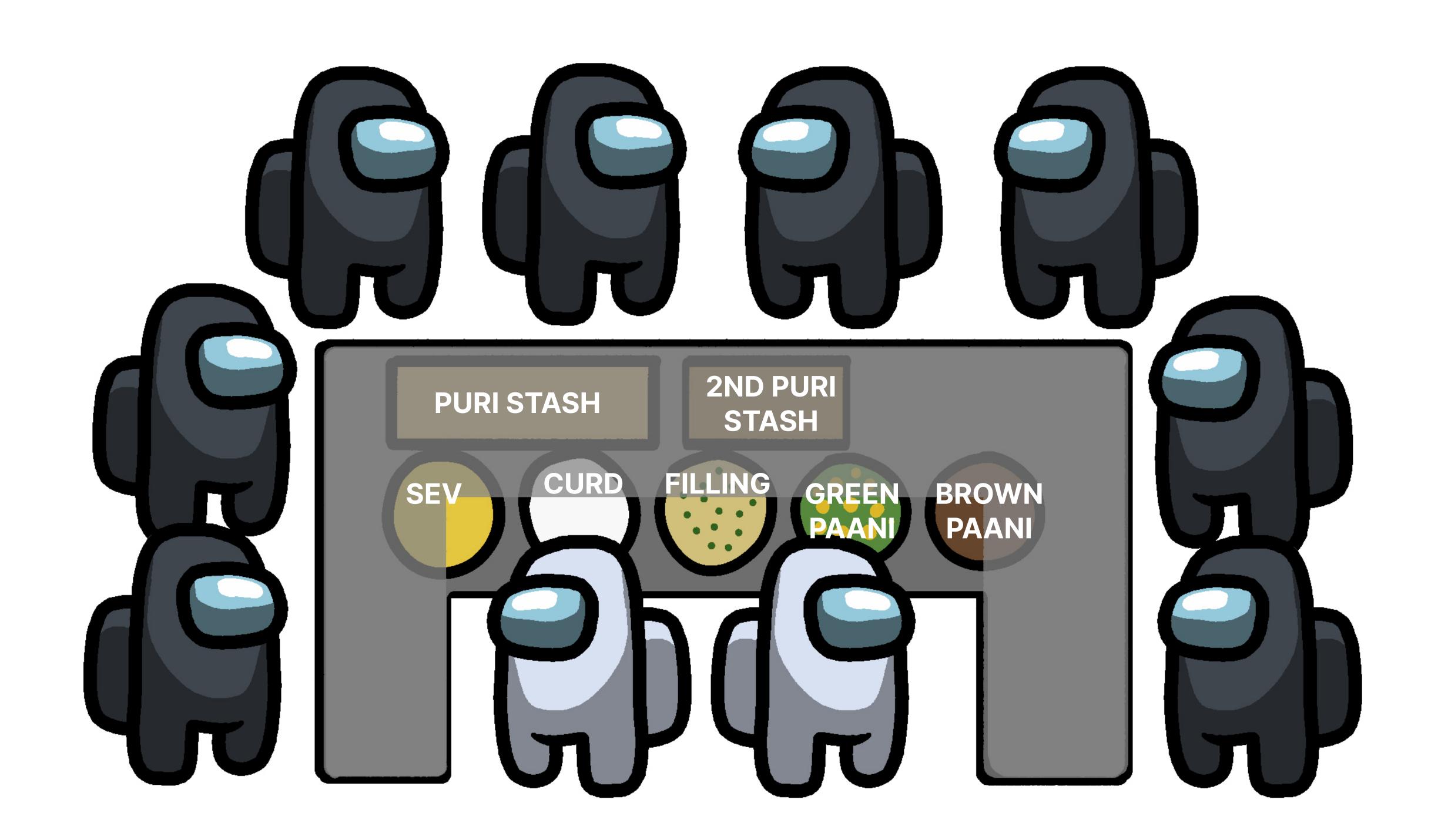
Vendor

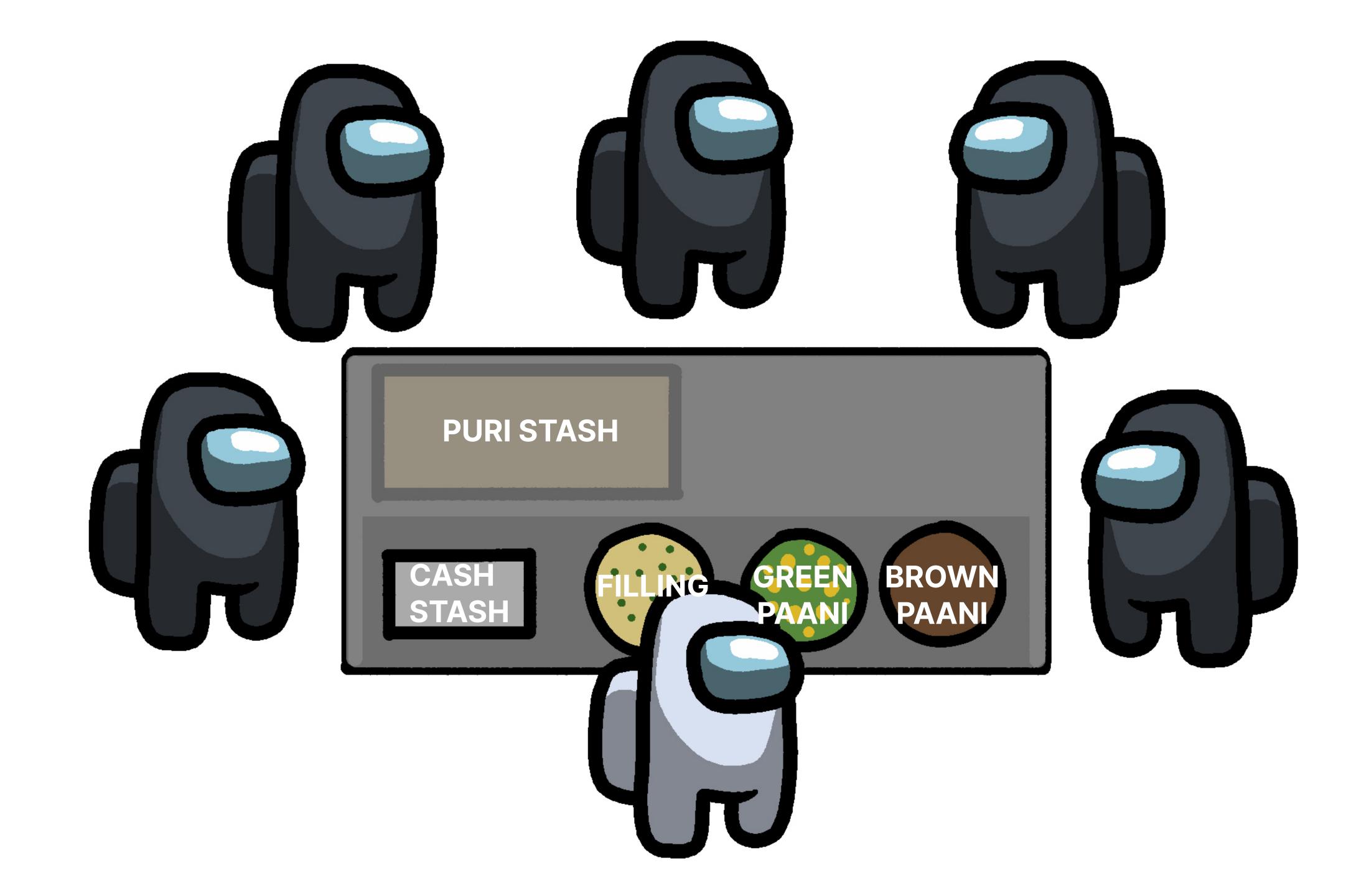


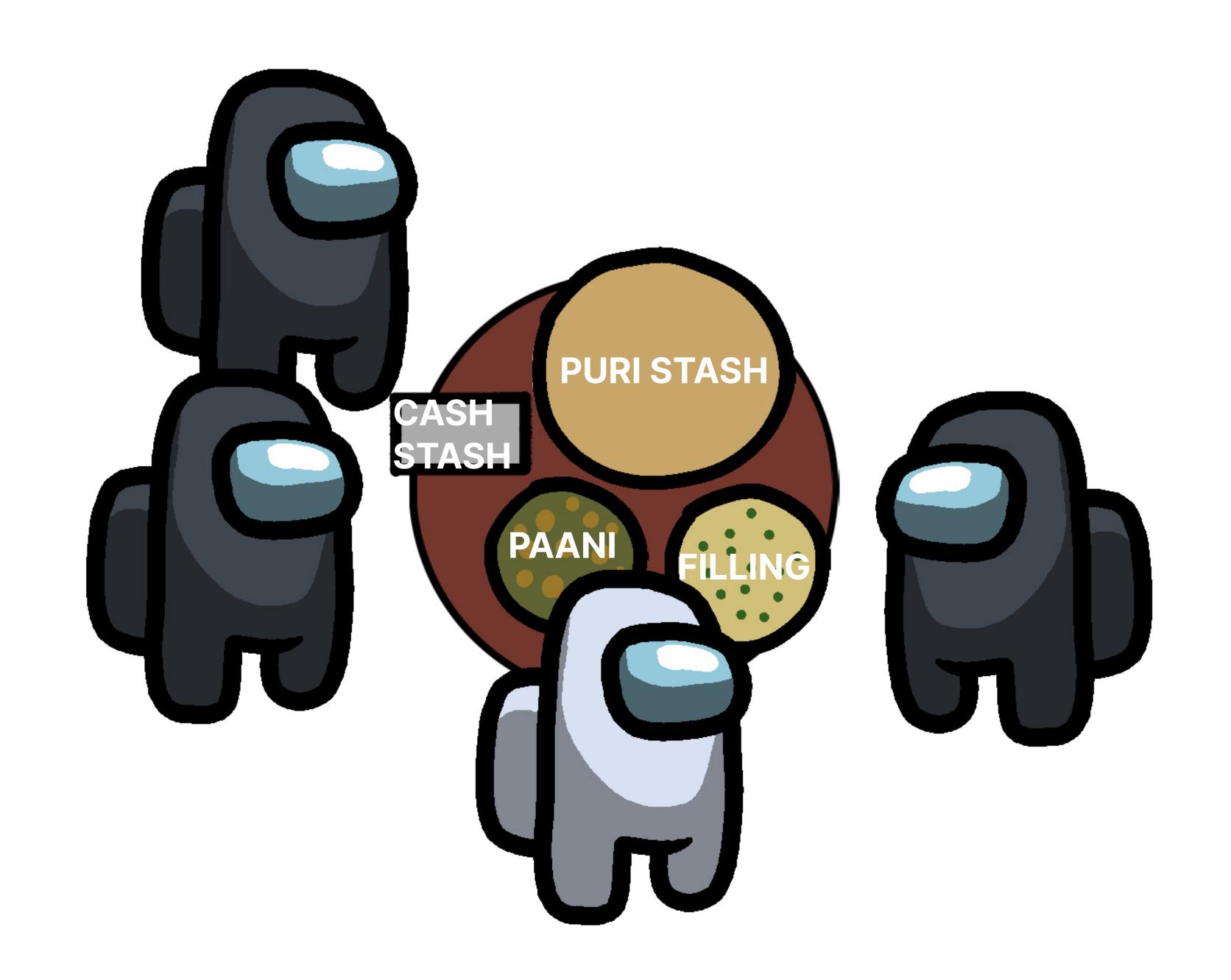
Customer





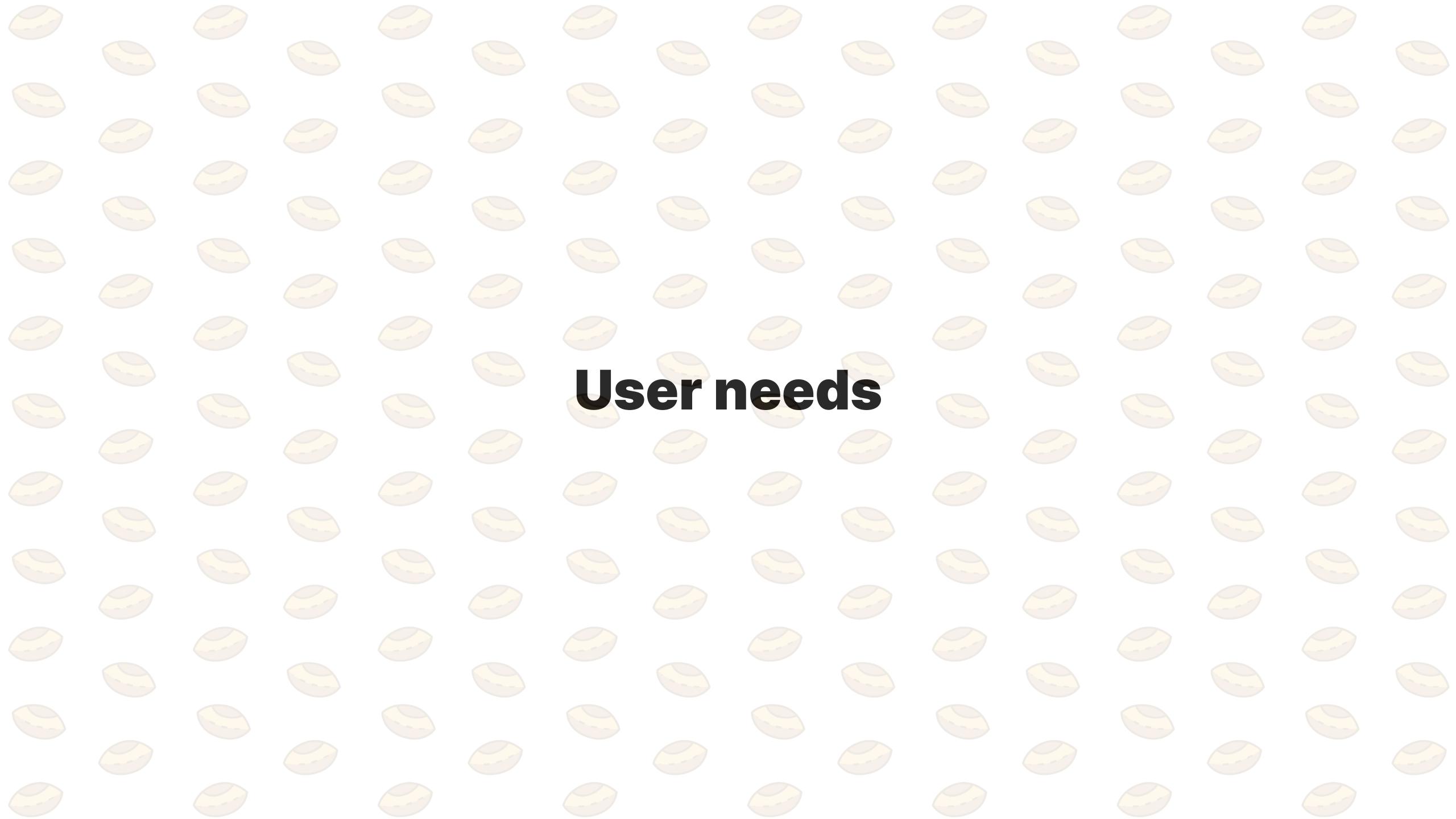








- Protecting the vendor from infection and ultimately protecting customers
- Designing a system compliant with government mandated hygiene standards
- Designing system for paani puri stalls that is percievably hygienic for customers
- To make a business model that is profitable for all stakeholders
- Flexible solution taking into account the diversity of the vendors and customers



Primary User - Vendor

- Needs to communicate that they can be trusted
- Needs customers to follow hygiene guidelines
- Needs a way to keep their environment clean
- Some vendors need to minimize the bulk of their apparatus
- Needs a way to minimize contact between themself and customer
- Needs to manage payment in a hygenic manner
- Needs clean water for drinking and washing
- Needs to protect himself from potential infection

Secondary User - Customer

- Needs to protect themselves from infection from the vendor
- Needs to protect themselves from infection from other customers
- Needs to clearly and hygienically indicate their order to the vendor
- Needs to recieve dish from vendor safely
- Needs to trust the quality of the food
- Need the food to taste good
- Need a safe way to pay
- Need a clean place to dispose of dishes
- Need a way to clean hands and face

Tentative Timeline

Start

Secondary research, brainstorming, stakeholders, understanding the context

Presentation 1 [27 Oct 2020]

Primary Research, isolating an idea, developing a framework for first draft

Presentation 2 [2 Nov 2020]

Prototype working and development, feedback and refinment

Presentation 3 [9 Nov 2020]

Final feedback session, Final testing of product and creating

Presentation 4 [16 Nov 2020]

References

- https://issuu.com/nikhilmittal/docs/dp1_doc
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